Vascular surgeons are specially trained to collaborate with other medical professionals to develop patient-centered care plans. Their comprehensive approach to promoting vascular health includes prevention, medical therapy, multiple surgical options, including both minimally invasive and open procedures, and ongoing, long-term disease management.

Because vascular disease affects millions of adults each year, your patient may benefit from seeing a vascular surgeon, especially those with risk factors such as:

- Atherosclerosis
- Hyperlipidemia
- Hypertension
- Smoking
- Diabetes
- Vasculitis
- Lymphedema

Consider engaging with a vascular surgeon as soon as possible to learn all treatment options and to help create a care plan that will result in the best long-term outcome for your patient.

Learn more and have more meaningful conversations with your patients about the following vascular conditions:

- **Head and Neck:**
  - Carotid Artery Disease
  - Stroke
  - TIAs
  - Vertebral Artery Disease
• **Chest and Abdomen: Aneurysms and Occlusive disease**
  - Abdominal Aortic Aneurysm
  - Endoleaks (Type I-V)
  - ?Aortic Dissection
  - Thoracic Aortic Aneurysm
  - ?Aortoiliac Occlusive Disease
  - Mesenteric Ischemia
  - ?Visceral Artery Aneurysm
  - Renovascular Conditions (renal artery stenosis, renovascular HTN)

• **Upper Extremity**
  - Thoracic Outlet Syndrome
  - ?Arm Artery Occlusive Disease
  - Hypothenar Hammer Hand (Ulnar Artery Aneurysm)
  - ?Lymphedema

• **Lower Extremity**
  - Peripheral Arterial Disease
    - ?Claudication
    - Chronic Limb-Threatening Ischemia
    - Diabetic Foot Ulceration
    - ?Non-Healing Wounds
    - Gangrene
  - Peripheral Aneurysm
  - Venous Disease
    - Acute Deep Vein Thrombosis
    - ?Pulmonary Embolism
    - Chronic Venous Insufficiency
    - ?Varicose Veins
  - ?Lymphedema

• **Unusual Vascular Problems:**
  - Popliteal Entrapment
  - Adventitial Cystic Disease
  - Iliac Artery Endofibrosis
  - Hypothenar Hammer Hand
  - Fibromuscular Disease
  - Giant Cell Arteritis
  - Connective Tissue Disorder (CTD)
  - Raynaud’s Syndrome

• **Vascular Infections**
  - Aortic Infections
Who To Refer?
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- Prosthetic Graft Infections
  - Dialysis Access Graft Infections

- Vascular Trauma

- Dialysis Access
  - Hemodialysis Access Creation
  - ?Steal Syndrome
  - Malfunctioning Hemodialysis Access

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Why you should refer your patients to a vascular surgeon?

Find the symptoms and related conditions that vascular surgeons are best equipped to treat.

**click here**

Where can you find a Vascular Surgeon?

To find a board-certified vascular surgeon, click the link below, enter your zip code, and select the preferred distance from your practice.

**Find A Specialist**